Health and Hygiene Policy for Food Handlers

Charity and community groups that *sell* food are "food businesses" under the South Australia Food Act 2001 and are required to comply with requirements of the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code (see sahealth.sa.gov.au).

The definition of *sell* includes activities such as selling sausages at a sausage sizzles or a stall selling donated food. *Sell* includes requesting a donation for food or charging for food as part of a service, such as supper provided at an event.

CoroUniting is therefore considered a "food business".

Food businesses **must inform all food handlers** of their health and hygiene obligations under the food safety standards. A food handler is anyone who handles food or items that may come into contact with food, such as eating and drinking utensils. All food handlers are legally obliged to comply with the health and hygiene requirements set out in the food safety standards.

This fact sheet has been prepared by Food Standards Australia and New Zealand to help food businesses to comply with their legal requirements. As someone who handles food in relation to a CoroUniting activity, please read this fact sheet, and then sign the declaration to say that you have received it.

These requirements relate to health and hygiene to ensure that food handlers take steps to avoid contaminating food.

HEALTH REQUIREMENTS

If you are ill or have an infection you can easily transfer harmful bacteria or viruses to food.

Do not handle food if:

- you are ill with vomiting, diarrhoea, fever or sore throat with fever; or
- your doctor has diagnosed that you have or carry a foodborne illness.

If you have volunteered for an event and then become ill with any of the above symptoms, let the event organiser know that you can no longer work. This is very important, no matter how short-staffed the event may be. Food handlers who are ill can easily make food unsafe. Not only is it against the law, it is not worth the risk. If you start to feel unwell while you are at an event, stop handling food and let the event organiser know immediately.

If you have:

- infected sores on your hands, arm or face; or
- any discharges from your ear, nose or eyes (such as a cold)

you can continue to handle food provided you take extra precautions to prevent food being contaminated. For example, cover the skin sore or take medication to dry up the discharge.



HYGIENE REQUIREMENTS

General hygiene

Each food handler must take all precautions to ensure that food or surfaces that come in contact with food are not contaminated by his or her body or anything he or she is wearing. This includes hair, saliva, mucus, sweat, blood, fingernails, clothes, jewellery or bandages.

You are required to:

- avoid handling ready-to-eat food such as salads and cooked fooduse tongs or other implements instead;
- wear clean outer clothing;
- make sure bandages and dressings on exposed parts of your body (such as the hands, arms or face) are covered with waterproof coverings;
- not eat over uncovered food or equipment and utensils;
- not sneeze, blow or cough over uncovered food or equipment and utensils; and
- not spit, smoke or chew tobacco where food is handled.

Handwashing

The most important measure to protect food from contamination is proper handwashing because clean and dry hands limit the transfer of harmful organisms to food. The Food Safety Standards require food handlers to wash their hands whenever hands are likely to be a source of contamination of food, including:

- before handling food;
- between handling raw food and food that is ready to eat, such as cooked food and salads;
- after using the toilet;
- after smoking, coughing, sneezing, blowing the nose, eating or drinking;
- after touching hair, scalp, mouth, nose or ear canal; and
- after handling rubbish and other waste.
- There are five steps that should be followed when washing hands. These are:
- wet hands under warm running water;
- soap hands, lathering well;
- rub thoroughly, including the wrists and between the fingers;
- rinse in clean water; and
- dry thoroughly on paper towel, leaving no moisture on the hands.



DIVISION 4 - HEALTH AND HYGIENE REQUIREMENTS

Subdivision 1 - Requirements for food handlers

13 General requirement

A food handler must take all reasonable measures not to handle food or surfaces likely to come into contact with food in a way that is likely to compromise the safety and suitability of food.

14 Health of food handlers

- (1) A food handler who has a symptom that indicates the handler may be suffering from a food-borne disease, or knows he or she is suffering from a food-borne disease, or is a carrier of a food-borne disease, must, if at work:
 - (a) report that he or she is or may be suffering from the disease, or knows that he or she is carrying the disease, to his or her supervisor, as the case may be;
 - (b) not engage in any handling of food where there is a reasonable likelihood of food contamination as a result of the disease; and
 - (c) if continuing to engage in other work on the food premises take all practicable measures to prevent food from being contaminated as a result of the disease.
 - (2) A food handler who suffers from a condition must, if at work:
 - (a) if there is a reasonable likelihood of food contamination as a result of suffering the condition report that he or she is suffering from the condition to his or her supervisor; and
 - (b) if continuing to engage in the handling of food or other work take all practicable measures to prevent food being contaminated as a result of the condition.
- (3) A food handler must notify his or her supervisor if the food handler knows or suspects that he or she may have contaminated food whilst handling food.

15 Hygiene of food handlers

- (1) A food handler must, when engaging in any food handling operation:
 - (a) take all practicable measures to ensure his or her body, anything from his or her body, and anything he or she is wearing does not contaminate food or surfaces likely to come into contact with food;
 - (b) take all practicable measures to prevent unnecessary contact with ready-to-eat food;
 - (c) ensure outer clothing is of a level of cleanliness that is appropriate for the handling of food that is being conducted.
 - (d) only use on exposed parts of his or her body bandages and dressings that are completely covered with a waterproofed covering;
 - (e) not eat over unprotected food or surfaces likely to come into contact with food;
 - (f) not sneeze, blow or cough over unprotected food or surfaces likely to come into contact with food;
 - (g) not spit, smoke or use tobacco or similar preparations in areas in which food is handled; and
 - (h) not urinate or defecate except in a toilet.



Sign:	Date:
to conduct myself in accordance with this Health and Hygiene Policy for	
I.	(name) have read and undertake
(5) A food handler who handles food at temporary food premises do with warm running water, or comply with paragraph (4)(c), if the approvided the food business operating from the temporary food prepurpose.	ppropriate enforcement agency has
(c) thoroughly dry his or her hands on a single use towel or in anoth pathogenic micro-organisms to the hands.	ner way that is not likely to transfer
(b) thoroughly clean his or her hands using soap or other effective r	means, and warm running water; and
(a) use the hand washing facilities provided;	
(4) A food handler must, whenever washing his or her hands:	
(c) after touching his or her hair, scalp or a body opening.	
(b) immediately after smoking, coughing, sneezing, using a handker drinking or using tobacco or similar substances; and	chief or disposable tissue, eating,
(a) before commencing or re-commencing handling food;	
(3) A food handler must, when engaging in a food handling operation that surfaces likely to come into contact with food, wash his or her hands in a	
(c) immediately after using the toilet.	
(b) immediately before working with ready-to-eat food after handling	ng raw food; and
(a) whenever his or her hands are likely to be a source of contamina	ation of food;
(2) A food handler must wash his or her hands in accordance with subcla	use (4):

Fact sheet sourced 28 February 2017 from

www.foodstandards.gov.au/consumer/safety/faqsafety/Pages/foodsafetyfactsheets/charities and community organisations factsheets/healthand hygiene for f1482.aspx

